Rocky Linux 8 – PostgreSQL 16 & PGAdmin4

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Created by:	cloudimg

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1.) Overview

This document is provided as a user guide for the Rocky Linux 8 - PostgreSQL 16 & PGAdmin4 product offering on the Azure Marketplace. Please reach out to <u>support@cloudimg.co.uk</u> if any issues are encountered following this user guide for the chosen product offering.



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2.) Access & Security

Please update the security group of the target instance to allow the below ports and protocols for access and connectivity.

Protocol	Туре	Port	Description	
SSH	ТСР	22	SSH connectivity	
HTTP	HTTP	80	PGAdmin4 Console	
Custom TCP	ТСР	5432	Postgres Database listener port for	
			remote access	

3.) System Requirements

The minimum system requirements for the chosen product offering can be found below

Minimum CPU	Minimum RAM	Required Disk Space
1	1 GB	20 GB

4.) Connecting to the Instance

Once launched in the Azure Virtual Machines Service, please connect to the instance via an SSH client using the **azureuser** with the key pair associated at launch. Once connected as the **azureuser**, you will be able to **sudo** to the **root** user by issuing the below command.

Switch to the root user

sudo su -

5.) On Startup

An OS package update script has been configured to run on boot to ensure the image is fully up to date at first use. You can disable this feature by removing the script from /stage/scripts/ and deleting the entry in crontab for the root user.

Disable the OS update script from running on reboot

```
rm -f /stage/scripts/initial_boot_update.sh
crontab -e
```

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6.) Filesystem Configuration

Please see below for a screenshot of the server disk configuration and specific mount point mappings for software locations.

Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on
devtmpfs	354M	0	354M	0%	/dev
tmpfs	389M	1.1M	388M	1%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	389M	11M	379M	3%	/run
tmpfs	389M	0	389M	0%	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/nvme0n1p2	50G	15G	36G	29%	/
/dev/nvme1n1	9.8G	76M	9.2G	1%	/var/lib/pgsql
tmpfs	78M	0	78M	0%	/run/user/1000

Mount Point	Description
/boot	Operating System Kernel files
/var/lib/pgsql	Postgres installation directory

7.) Server Components

Please see below for a list of installed server components and their respective installation paths. The below versions are subject to change on initial boot based on the initial_boot_update.sh script finding new versions of the software in the systems package repositories.

Component	Version	Software Home
Cloud-Init	22.1	/etc/cloud
Apache HTTP Sever	2.4.37	/etc/httpd
Postgres Database Engine	16.0	/var/lib/pgsql
PGAdmin4	4	/usr/pgadmin4



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Azure CLI	2.53.1	/lib64/az

8.) Scripts and Log Files

The below table provides a breakdown of any scripts & log files created to enhance the useability of the chosen offering.

Script/Log	Path	Description
Initial_boot_update.sh	/stage/scripts	Update the Operating System with
		the latest updates available.
Initial_boot_update.log	/stage/scripts	Provides output for
		initial_boot_update.sh
postgresql_database_password.lo	/stage/scripts/	Postgres database user password
g		

9.) Using System Components

Instructions can be found below for using each component of the server build mentioned in section 7 of this user guide document.

Azure CLI

Using Azure CLI – as any OS user.

az

Cloud-Init

Edit the /etc/cloud/cloud.cfg file to reflect your desired configuration. A link to the cloud-init official documentation can be found below for referencing best practise for your use case.

https://cloudinit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

vi /etc/cloud/cloud.cfg



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Apache HTTP Server

The Apache HTTP Server has been configured to start on boot, please use the below commands to start, stop and check the status of the service.

```
#Check the HTTP Server is running
systemctl status httpd
#Stop the HTTP Server
systemctl stop httpd
#Start the HTTP Server
systemctl start httpd
```

Once the HTTP Server status has started, you will be able to access the Apache front end via the below URL exchanging the values between <> to match that of your own instance.

<PRIVATE/PUBLICIP>:80

This page is used to test the proper operation of the HTTP server at is working properly. This server is powered by CentOS.	ter it has been installed. If you can read this page it means that this site
If you are a member of the general public:	If you are the website administrator:
The website you just visited is either experiencing problems or is undergoing routine maintenance.	You may now add content to the webroot directory. Note that until you do so, people visiting your website will see this page, and not your content.
If you would like to let the administrators of this website know that you've seen this page instead of the page you expected, you should send them e-mail. In general, mail sent to the name "webmaster" and directed to the website's domain should reach the appropriate person.	For systems using the Apache HTTP Server: You may now add content to the directory /Var/wav/html/. Note that until you do so, people visiting your vebsit: will see this page, and not your content. To prevent this page from ever being used, follow the instructions in the file /etc/httpd/cont.dvelcome.conf.
For example, if you experienced problems while visiting www.example.com, you should send e-mail to "webmaster@example.com".	For systems using NGINX: You should now put your content in a location of your choice and edit the root configuration directive in the nginx configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf.
	CDM31 🕖
Important note!	
The CentOS Project has nothing to do with this website or its content, it just provide	is the software that makes the website run.
If you have issues with the content of this site, contact the owner of the domain, not not have anything to do with this website, the content or the lack of it.	the CentOS project. Unless you intended to visit CentOS.org, the CentOS Project does

PGAdmin4

pgAdmin is designed to monitor and manage multiple PostgreSQL and EDB Advanced Server database servers, both local and remote, through a single graphical interface that allows the easy creation and management of database objects, as well as a number of other tools for managing your databases.



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Upon initial use of the AMI, run the below script as the **root** user to configure the credentials required to access the PGAdmin4 Console running locally on the target server.

/usr/pgadmin4/bin/setup-web.sh

OUTPUT & RESPOND

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-13 ~]# /usr/pgadmin4/bin/setup-web.sh
Setting up pgAdmin 4 in web mode on a Redhat based platform...
Creating configuration database...
NOTE: Configuring authentication for SERVER mode.
Enter the email address and password to use for the initial pgAdmin user account:
Email address: example@cloudimg.co.uk (This is an example, enter an email address of choice)
Password:
             (Enter a password of choice)
Retype password: (Enter a password of choice)
pgAdmin 4 - Application Initialisation
     _____
Creating storage and log directories...
Configuring SELinux...
setsebool: SELinux is disabled.
setsebool: SELinux is disabled.
The Apache web server is running and must be restarted for the pgAdmin 4 installation to
complete. Continue (y/n)? y
                                   (Enter y to restart Apache)
Apache successfully restarted. You can now start using pgAdmin 4 in web mode at
http://127.0.0.1/pgadmin4
[root@ip-172-31-93-13 ~]#
```

You will now be able to access the PGAdmin4 Front End via the below URL exchanging the values between the <> to match that of your instance.

<PUBLIC/PRIVATEIP>/pgadmin4



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Enter the credentials created in the above usr/pgadmin4/bin/setup-web.sh script.

•		
	Login Password	
	Forgotten your password? English v	

Click Login

Admin File Vobject Vools V Help V				😹 example@cloudimg.co.uk (internal) 🗸
	Dashboard Properties SQL Statistics Dependencies	Dependents		×
> Esevers	Velcone PGACMIN PGACMIN Management Tools for PostgreSQL Feature rich Maximises PostgreSQL Ope PgAdmin is an Open Source administration and management to ended of developen. DBAs and graymer. Badaministration administration alike.		istration interface, an SQL query tool, a procedural code debug	ger and much more. The tool is designed to answer the
	Quick Links		Configue p	G Qadmin
	Getting Started			
	PostgreSQL Documentation	pgAdmin Website	Planet PostgreSQL	Community Support

Select Add New Server to connect to the Postgres Database.



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🗟 Register - Serve	r			2 ×
General Connec	tion SSL	SSH Tunnel	Advanced	
Name	EXAMPLE	CONNECTION		
Server group	Servers			v]
Background	×			
Foreground	×			
Connect now?				
Shared?				
Comments				
00		× Clos	e 🕢 Reset	🖥 Save

Enter a name for the connection, this example will use 'EXAMPLE CONNECTION'

Select Connection

Register - Server								
General Conne	ction SSL	SSH Tunnel	Advanced					
Host name/addres s	44.202.142							
Port	5432							
Maintenance database	postgres							
Username	postgres							
Kerberos authenticatio n?								
Password								
Save password?								
Role								
Service								
00		× Clos	e 🖸 Reset	Save				

Enter in the Host field the IP address of your instance.

Enter Username: postgres



Registered Technology Partner For Password enter the value found in the /stage/scripts/ postgresql_root_database_password.log file located on the instance.

Click Save

owser	🖇 🌐 🚡 🔍 🛛 Dashbo	ard Prop	erties SQ	L Statistics	Dependencie	s Dependents						
V E SERVES (1) STEELE CONNECTION	Server 6 4 3 2 1	sessions					Total Active	Idle Transactions per secc	nd		Trans	actions 🔳 Commits 📕 Rollb
	0 Tuples	in			Inserts	Updates 📕 Delete	Tuples out	0	ned Returned	Block I/O		Reads
	0						80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0			140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0		
		Server activity Sessions Locks Prepared Transactions Configuration										
		_								Search		
			PID	Database	User	Application	Client	Backend start	Transaction start	Stat	Wait event	Blocking PIDs
	0		1671					2022-06-24 10:27:55 EDT			Activity: CheckpointerMain	
	0	•	1672					2022-06-24 10:27:55 EDT			Activity: BgWriterMain	
	0		1673					2022-06-24 10:27:55 EDT			Activity: WalWriterMain	
	0		1674					2022-06-24 10:27:55 EDT			Activity: AutoVacuumMain	
	0		1676		postgres			2022-06-24 10:27:55 EDT			Activity: LogicalLauncher	
	8		2088	postgres		pgAdmin 4 - DB:postg	res 44.202.142.254	2022-06-24 10:44:44 EDT	2022-06-24 10:44	44 EDT activ		

You will now have a remote connection to the Postgres database running on the instance.

Postgres Database Engine

For local administration and access to the postgres database, follow the below commands for checking the service, stopping the service & starting the service along with how to log into the database from the instance command line interface.

As the root user, run the below commands to check, stop or start the postgres database service. By default, the service is configured to start on boot.

```
#Check the postgres server status
systemctl status postgresql-16
#Stop the postgres database engine
systemctl stop postgresql-16
#Start the postgres database engine
```



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systemctl start postgresql-16

Run the below commands as the **root** user to switch to the postgres OS user for accessing the postgres database engine command line interface from the instance locally.

sudo su - postgres

psql

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